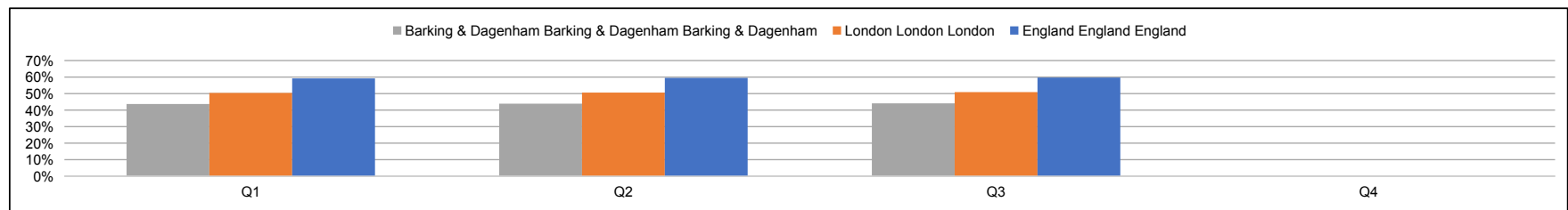


Back to summary page	Bowel screening - coverage of people aged 60-74 years	Health and Wellbeing Board Indicators	Q3 2018/19
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Definition	Numerator	Number of people aged 60–74 resident in the area (determined by postcode of residence) with a screening test result recorded in the previous 2½ years.	How this indicator works	People are excluded from the eligible population if they have no functioning colon (e.g. following bowel surgery) or if they make an informed decision to opt out of the programme.
	Denominator	Number of people aged 60–74 resident in the area who are eligible for bowel screening at a given point in time.		
Source		Public Health England	Why is this indicator important?	About one in 20 people in the UK will develop bowel cancer during their lifetime. It is the third most common cancer in the UK, and the second leading cause of cancer deaths, with over 16,000 people dying from it each year. Regular bowel cancer screening has been shown to reduce the risk of dying from bowel cancer by 16% [www.phoutcomes.info].
What does good performance look like?		For the percentage coverage to be as high as possible.		

Quarterly data		2017/18				2018/19			
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
	Barking & Dagenham	40.7%	41.4%	42.1%	43.0%	43.7%	43.9%	44.1%	44.1%
	London	49.8%	49.9%	49.9%	50.2%	50.4%	50.6%	50.9%	50.9%
	England	58.8%	58.9%	58.9%	58.9%	59.2%	59.5%	59.7%	59.7%



Performance overview	Actions to sustain or improve performance	Benchmarking
<p>Barking and Dagenham continues to perform worse than the national and regional averages, as well as being considerably below the 60% performance threshold, with only 44.1% coverage of the eligible population at Q3 of 2018/19. This is the fourth lowest coverage in both London and England.</p>	<p>Work is underway with the University College London Hospital (UCLH) partners to monitor the effect of the re-launched 'small c' website. This continues alongside the UCLH Cancer Collaborative to enable individuals with information about living healthy lifestyles and recognise signs and symptoms of cancer.</p> <p>In line with the Health Scrutiny Committee (HSC) Cancer Scrutiny Review Action Plan, additional funding has been provided with the ambition to engage GP practices. The aim is to identify the cohort of individuals reaching the age of 60 and also those not attending ('DNAs') – i.e. those who did not return their previous screening pack and contact them out of hours to encourage uptake of the screening. GP practices can offer the FIT (Faecal Immunochemical Test) test to those who are at low risk but are deemed no risk in line with NICE DG30.</p>	<p>2018/19 quarter 3: London: 50.9% England: 59.7%.</p>

Responsible Director	Matthew Cole	Status	
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